Kashi Naresh Government Post Graduate College Gyanpur, Bhadohi U.P.



Multiple Choice Questions

(B.Ed. II Semester: Inclusive Education)

By;

DR. MONIKA SAROJ

(Assistant Professor) B.Ed. Department

S.R. STATEMENT S.N. STATEMENT

- 1. Inclusive Education
 - (a) Inclusive teachers from marginalized groups
 - (b) Celebrates diversity in the classroom
 - (c) Encourages strict admission procedures
 - (d) Includes indoctrination of facts
- 2. Inclusive education assumes that we should change the.....to fit the.....
 - (a) Child/system
 - (b) System/child
 - (c) Environment/family
 - (d) Child/environment
- **3.** Which characteristic of a teacher is least important in inclusive education?
 - (a) Sensitivity towards children
 - (b) Patience and affection for students
 - (c) Knowledge regarding disabilities of students
 - (d) Socio-economic status of teacher

4. Successful inclusion needs

- (a) Lack of capacity building
- (b) No involvement of parents
- (c) Segregation
- (d) Sensitization
- 5. NIVH is concerned with children who are
 - (a) Hearing Impaired
 - (b) Visually Impaired
 - (c) Physically Challenged
 - (d) Slow Learner

- **38.** According to 'Persons with Disability Act' who among these is a disabled child?
 - (a) Autistic child
 - (b) Cerebral palsy
 - (c) Leprosy cured child with speech impairment
 - (d) All of the above
- **39.** The 'Mental Health Act' was introduced in the year
 - (a) 1987
 - (b) 1988
 - (c) 1989
 - (d) 1990
- **40.** Orthopedically impaired children are likely to have
 - (a) Dyslexia
 - (b) Dysgraphia
 - (c) Dysthymia
 - (d) Dyscalculia
- **41.** An IQ range of 20-35 would indicate what degree of retardation?
 - (a) Mild
 - (b) Moderate
 - (c) Severe
 - (d) Profound
- **42.** 'Dysgraphia' is associated with
 - (a) Reading
 - (b) Mathematics
 - (c) Writing
 - (d) Hearing

- Learning disabled children differ from mentally 6. retarded children in that
 - (a) They have usually average intelligence
 - (b) They are able to learn in most areas
 - (c) They have learning difficulty in one area
 - (d) All of the above
- 7. Which of the following is the most correct about the meaning of special education?
 - (a) Education for all by special treatment
 - (b) Education for children with special needs
 - (c) Education for extraordinary children
 - (d) Education for low achieving children
- Intelligence Quotient of the mentally retarded 8. children ranges between
 - (a) 30-75
 - (b) 55-75
 - (c) 75-85
 - (d) 30-55
- CWSN stands for 9.
 - (a) Children with Single Need
 - (b) Children with Special Needs
 - (c) Children with Strong Needs
 - (d) Creature with Soft Need
- Inclusive programs are categorized into four types. 10. Which one of the following would not be a description of an inclusive program?
 - (a) social inclusion with children in segregated classrooms who have contact with children in non segregated classrooms
 - (b) reverse inclusion where children with disabilities are included together with children without disabilities
 - (c) children with disabilities are with special education staff in a central location
 - (d) cluster inclusion where children with disabilities receive support in a general education classroom from special education staff
- 11. 'Education-of-all-in-schools-for-all' could be a tagline for which of the following?
 - (a) Cohesive education
 - (b) Inclusive education
 - (c) Cooperative education
 - (d) Exclusive education
- 12. A creative student can be identified by which of the following actions?
 - (a) Giving correct answer to a question
 - (b) Expressing original ideas on the problem

- 43. Special education is related to
 - (a) Education of the scheduled tribes
 - (b) Education of the handicapped
 - (c) Education of the adults
 - (d) Education of the drop out girls
- **44**. **IDEA** stand for
 - (a) Individuals with Disabilities Education Act
 - (b) Individuals with Disabilities Implementation Education Act
 - (c) Individuals with Disabilities Improvement Education Act
- 45. The 'Rehabilitation Council of India Act' was introduced in the year
 - (a) 1992
 - (b) 1993
 - (c) 1994
 - (d) 1995
- **46.** Children and young adults can generally hear sound ranging from
 - (a) 20 to 20,000 hertz
 - (b) 20 to 2,000 hertz
 - (c) 200 to 2,000 hertz
 - (d) 1000 to 20,000 hertz
 - An inclusive school
 - (a) Is committed to improve the learning outcomes of all students irrespective of their capabilities
 - (b) Differentiate between students and sets less challenging achievement targets for specially abled children
 - (c) Committed particularly to improve the learning outcomes of specially abled students
 - (d) Decides learning needs of students according to their disability
- 48. The 'Right to Education Act' was introduced in the year
 - (a) 2006
 - (b) 2007
 - (c) 2008
 - (d) 2009
- Braille method and tape-recording can be used as **49**. educational provision for
 - (a) Orthopedic impaired students
 - (b) Hearing-impaired students

47.

- (c) Arguing with others wistfully
- (d) Solving any problem systematically
- **13.** What is the full form of 'PIED'?
 - (A) Project Integrated Education for the Disabled
 - (B) People Integrated Education for the Disabled
 - (C) Project Implemented Education for the Disabled
 - (D) Project Integrated Education for the Draft
- **14.** The 'Person with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act' was introduced in the year
 - (a) 1992
 - (b) 1993
 - (c) 1994
 - (d) 1995
- **15.** Dyslexia is related with
 - (a) Problem in calculating
 - (b) Problem in writing
 - (c) Problem in reading
 - (d) Language disorder
- **16.** Learning disabilities may occur due to all of the following except
 - (a) Cerebral dysfunction
 - (b) Emotional disturbance
 - (c) Behavioural disturbance
 - (d) Cultural factors
- **17.** From the following which term defines the mathematics-related learning disability?
 - (a) Dystopia
 - (b) Dyslexia
 - (c) Dyscalculia
 - (d) None of the above
- **18.** The full form of 'IED' is
 - (a) Integrated Education for the Disabled
 - (b) Implemented Education for the Disabled
 - (c) Integrated Education for the Draft
 - (d) Implemented Education for the Draft
- **19.** The full form of 'RCI' is
 - (a) The rehabilitation Council of India
 - (b) The rehabilitation Committee of India
 - (c) The report council of India
 - (d) The report committee of India

- (c) Visually-impaired students
- (d) Physically handicapped students
- **50.** The major frustration that children with hearing loss face in the classroom is:
 - (a) The inability to read the prescribed textbook
 - (b) The inability to participate in sports and games
 - (c) The inability to communicate or share information with others
 - (d) The inability to take examinations with other student
- **51.** The word 'SSA' stand for
 - (a) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan
 - (b) Sampurna Shiksha Abhiyan
 - (c) Sarva Shikshak Abhiyan
 - (d) Sampurna Shikshak Abhiyan
- **52.** The Sargent Report was formed in the year
 - (a) 1942
 - (b) 1943
 - (c) 1944
 - (d) 1945
- **53.** Deficiency in the ability to write, associated with impaired handwriting, is a symptom of
 - (a) Dysgraphia
 - (b) Dyspraxia
 - (c) Dyscalculia
 - (d) Dyslexia
- **54.** The National Trust Act was implemented in the year
 - (a) 1999
 - (b) 2000
 - (c) 2001
 - (d) 2002
- **55.** Which type(s) of students is/are included in inclusive class?
 - (a) Only specific students
 - (b) General and specific students
 - (c) Only general students
 - (d) Multilinguistic and gifted students
- **56.** The full form of 'POA' is
 - (a) Programme of Act
 - (b) Project of Action
 - (c) Programme of Action
 - (d) Project of Act

- **20.** 'Centrally sponsored scheme of integrated education for disabled children' aims at providing educational opportunities to children with disabilities in
 - (a) Special schools
 - (b) Open schools
 - (c) Regular schools
 - (d) Blind relief association schools
- **21.** Which year is considered as the International year of Disabled Person?
 - (a) 1989
 - (b) 1986
 - (c) 1981
 - (d) 1990
- 22. The term "Disabled Children" refers to:
 - (a) All children with sensory, physical impairments
 - (b) All children with emotional difficulties and intellectual impairments
 - (c) Both (a) and (b)
 - (d) Either (a) or (b)
- **23.** Difficulty in recalling sequence of letters in words and frequent loss of visual memory is associated with
 - (a) Dyslexia
 - (b) Dyscalculia
 - (c) Dysgraphia
 - (d) Dyspraxia
- 24. The word ' DPEP' stand for
 - (a) District Primary Education Programme
 - (b) Disabled Project Education Programme
 - (c) District Project Education Programme
 - (d) Disabled Primary Education Programme
- **25.** Which one of the following principles facilitates inclusive education?
 - (a) Special children if included in normal classroom further lag behind as performance of the other students will frustrate them.
 - (b) Children with IQ 80 and above can learn and benefit from normal education.
 - (c) The view of students should be given due importance.
 - (d) An individual difference in students is a major problem for a general teacher.

- Inclusive classrooms offer many benefits for children. In inclusive classroom children demonstrate which of the following?
 - (a) Increased acceptance and appreciation of diversity
 - (b) Better communication and social skills
 - (c) Greater development in moral and ethical principles
 - (d) All of the above
- Which type of learning tasks should not be given to educable mentally retarded children?
 - (a) Simple tasks
 - (b) Complex Tasks
 - (c) Sequentially arranged and presented tasks
 - (d) Tasks that provide scope for over learning
- **59.** Creativity is usually associated with
 - (a) Imitation
 - (b) Modeling
 - (c) Convergent thinking
 - (d) Divergent thinking
- **60.** Which one of the following is under the purview of the term disability under 'Persons With Disability Act-1996'?
 - (a) Autism
 - (b) TB cured
 - (c) Mental Retardation
 - (d) Speech Disorders
- **61.** The word 'CABE'stands for
 - (a) Central Advisor Bureau of Education
 - (b) Central Assignment Bureau of Education
 - (c) Central Advisor Board of Education
 - (d) Common Advisor Board of Education
- **62.** Which of the following is not a characteristic of inclusive education?
 - (a) It is the shift in service from the care of disabled children to their education and personal development
 - (b) Inclusive education is a continuous process, not an achieved state or product
 - (c) It enhances learning only for students with special needs
 - (d) It seeks to maximize the potential of all students

56.

58.

60

26. Learning disability

- (a) Is a stable state
- (b) Is a variable state
- (c) Need not impair functioning
- (d) Does not improve with appropriate
- 27. Following are the examples of developmental disorder, except:
 - (a) Attention deficit hyperactive disorder
 - (b) Autism
 - (c) Cerebral palsy
 - (d) Post-traumatic stress
- **28.** Gifted students are
 - (a) introvert in nature
 - (b) non-assertive of their needs
 - (c) independent of teachers
 - (d) independent in their judgment
- **29.** Which one of the following behaviors' is an identifier of a child with learning disability?
 - (a) Abusive behavior
 - (b) Writing 'b' as 'd', 'was' as 'saw', '2' as **'12'**
 - (c) Low attention span and high physical activity
 - (d) Frequent mood swings
- 30. How teachers and students......gender in the classroom, itthe learning environment.
 - (a) Interpret; does not affect
 - (b) Construct; impacts
 - (c) Adapt; perturbs
 - (d) Define; vitiates
- **31.** Education of children with special needs should be provided
 - (a) By methods developed for special children in special schools
 - (b) In special schools
 - (c) By special teachers in special schools
 - (d) Along with other normal children

- Which of the following approaches suggests interaction of the child with the people around him and with social institutions to deal with disruptive behavior disorder?
 - (a) psychodynamic
 - (b) Biological
 - (c) Behavioral
 - (d) Ecological
- **64**. The Programme of action was introduced in the vear
 - (a) 1991
 - (b) 1992
 - (c) 1993
 - (d) 1994
- **65**. Stuttering problems in students can be dealt by applying which of the following methods?
 - (a) Dictated speech
 - (b) Prolonged speech
 - (c) Pragmatic speech
 - (d) Protracted speech
- A students of V-grade with 'visual deficiency' 66. should be
 - (a) Helped with his/her routine-work by parents and friends
 - (b) Treated normally in the classroom and provided support through audio CDs
 - (c) Given special treatment in the classroom
 - (d) Excused to do a lower level of work
- Learning disability in motor skills is called: **67**.
 - (a) Dyscalculia
 - (b) Dyslexia
 - (c) Dyspraxia
 - (d) Dysphasia
- **68**. A child who can see partially
 - (a) Should not be given education since it is not of any use to him
 - (b) Needs to be put in a separate institution
 - (c) Should be put in a 'regular' school while making special provisions
 - (d) Should be put in a 'regular' school with no special provisions

63.

- **32.** In which year, did the Indian Government Formulate the National Policy on Education for all government schools and articulate a need to integrate students with disabilities?
 - (a) 1966
 - (b) 1967
 - (c) 1968
 - (d) 1969
- **33.** 'Dyslexia' is associated with
 - (a) Mathematical disorder
 - (b) Reading disorder
 - (c) Behavioural disorder
 - (d) Mental disorder
- **34.** United Nation's world Conference on Special Education was held in the year
 - (a) 1993
 - (b) 1994
 - (c) 1995
 - (d) 1996

35. A disorder related to language comprehension is

- (a) Apraxia
- (b) Dyslexia
- (c) Dyscalculia
- (d) Aphasia
- **36.** To cater to the children from 'disadvantaged' background, a teacher should
 - (a) Try to find out more about them and involve them in class discussion
 - (b) Make them sit separately in the class
 - (c) Ignore them as they cannot interact with other students
 - (d) Give them a lot of written work
- **37.** Which of following is a specific learning disability?
 - (a) Autism
 - (b) Dyslexia
 - (c) Hearing impairment
 - (d) Mental retardation

- **69.** A child cannot distinguish between 'saw' and 'was', 'nuclear' and 'unclear' he/she is suffering from.
 - (a) Dysgraphia
 - (b) Dysmorphia
 - (c) Dyslexia
 - (d) Word jumbling disorder
- **70.** Which if the following is known as the Asian and Pacific Decade of Disabled Persons?
 - (a) 1993-2002
 - (b) 1994-2003
 - (c) 19952004
 - (d) 1996-2005
- **71.** When was the policy "National Policy for Persons with Disabilities" released by ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment of India?
 - (a) 10/02/2006
 - (b) 10/02/2005
 - (c) 01/02/2006
 - (d) 01/02/2005
- 72. Students of disadvantaged groups should be taught along with the normal students. It implies
 - (a) Inclusive education
 - (b) Special education
 - (c) Integrated education
 - (d) Exclusive education
- **73.** A child with normal intelligence shows difficulty is reading and comprehending language. It indicates that the child is showing symptoms of:
 - (a) Dysgraphia
 - (b) Dyscalculia
 - (c) Dyspraxia
 - (d) Dyalexia
- 74. Learning disability in motor skills is called
 - (a) Dyspraxia
 - (b) Dyscalculia
 - (c) Dyslexia
 - (d) Dysphasia



Kashi Naresh Government Post Graduate College Gyanpur, Bhadohi U.P.



Multiple Choice Questions

(B.Ed. II Semester: Inclusive Education)

By;

DR. MONIKA SAROJ

(Assistant Professor) B.Ed. Department

S.R.	STATEMENT	S.N.	STATEMENT
1.	 Inclusive Education (e) Inclusive teachers from marginalized groups (f) Celebrates diversity in the classroom (g) Encourages strict admission procedures (h) Includes indoctrination of facts 	38.	According to 'Persons with Disability Act' who among these is a disabled child? (e) Autistic child (f) Cerebral palsy (g) Leprosy cured child with speech impairment (h) All of the above
2.	Inclusive education assumes that we should change theto fit the (e) Child/system (f) System/child (g) Environment/family (h) Child/environment	39.	The 'Mental Health Act' was introduced in the year (e) 1987 (f) 1988 (g) 1989 (h) 1990
3.	 Which characteristic of a teacher is least important in inclusive education? (e) Sensitivity towards children (f) Patience and affection for students (g) Knowledge regarding disabilities of students (h) Socio-economic status of teacher 	40.	Orthopedically impaired children are likely to have (e) Dyslexia (f) Dysgraphia (g) Dysthymia (h) Dyscalculia
4.	Successful inclusion needs (e) Lack of capacity building (f) No involvement of parents (g) Segregation (h) Sensitization	41.	An IQ range of 20-35 would indicate what degree of retardation? (e) Mild (f) Moderate (g) Severe (h) Profound
5.	NIVH is concerned with children who are (e) Hearing Impaired (f) Visually Impaired (g) Physically Challenged	42.	 'Dysgraphia' is associated with (e) Reading (f) Mathematics (g) Writing

	(h) Slow Learner		(h) Hearing
6.	Learning disabled children differ from mentally retarded children in that (e) They have usually average intelligence (f) They are able to learn in most areas (g) They have learning difficulty in one area (h) All of the above	43.	Special education is related to (e) Education of the scheduled tribes (f) Education of the handicapped (g) Education of the adults (h) Education of the drop out girls
7.	 Which of the following is the most correct about the meaning of special education? (e) Education for all by special treatment (f) Education for children with special needs (g) Education for extraordinary children (h) Education for low achieving children 	44.	 IDEA stand for (d) Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (e) Individuals with Disabilities Implementation Education Act (f) Individuals with Disabilities Improvement Education Act
8.	Intelligence Quotient of the mentally retarded children ranges between (e) 30-75 (f) 55-75 (g) 75-85 (h) 30-55	45.	The 'Rehabilitation Council of India Act' was introduced in the year (e) 1992 (f) 1993 (g) 1994 (h) 1995
9.	CWSN stands for (e) Children with Single Need (f) Children with Special Needs (g) Children with Strong Needs (h) Creature with Soft Need	46.	Children and young adults can generally hear sound ranging from (e) 20 to 20,000 hertz (f) 20 to 2,000 hertz (g) 200 to 2,000 hertz (h) 1000 to 20,000 hertz
10.	 Inclusive programs are categorized into four types. Which one of the following would not be a description of an inclusive program? (e) social inclusion with children in segregated classrooms who have contact with children in non segregated classrooms (f) reverse inclusion where children with disabilities are included together with children without disabilities (g) children with disabilities are with special education staff in a central location (h) cluster inclusion where children with disabilities receive support in a general education classroom from special education staff 	47.	 An inclusive school (e) Is committed to improve the learning outcomes of all students irrespective of their capabilities (f) Differentiate between students and sets less challenging achievement targets for specially abled children (g) Committed particularly to improve the learning outcomes of specially abled students (h) Decides learning needs of students according to their disability
11.	 'Education-of-all-in-schools-for-all' could be a tagline for which of the following? (e) Cohesive education (f) Inclusive education (g) Cooperative education (h) Exclusive education 	48.	The 'Right to Education Act' was introduced in the year (e) 2006 (f) 2007 (g) 2008 (h) 2009
12.	A creative student can be identified by which of the following actions? (e) Giving correct answer to a question	49.	Braille method and tape-recording can be used as educational provision for (e) Orthopedic impaired students

	(f) Expressing original ideas on the problem		(f) Hearing-impaired students
	(g) Arguing with others wistfully		(g) Visually-impaired students
	(h) Solving any problem systematically		(h) Physically handicapped students
13.	 What is the full form of 'PIED'? (E) Project Integrated Education for the Disabled (F) People Integrated Education for the Disabled (G) Project Implemented Education for the Disabled (H) Project Integrated Education for the Draft 	50.	 The major frustration that children with hearing loss face in the classroom is: (e) The inability to read the prescribed textbook (f) The inability to participate in sports and games (g) The inability to communicate or share information with others (h) The inability to take examinations with other student
14.	The 'Person with Disabilities (Equal Opportunities, Protection of Rights and Full Participation) Act' was introduced in the year (e) 1992 (f) 1993 (g) 1994 (h) 1995	51.	The word 'SSA' stand for (e) Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan (f) Sampurna Shiksha Abhiyan (g) Sarva Shikshak Abhiyan (h) Sampurna Shikshak Abhiyan
15.	Dyslexia is related with (e) Problem in calculating (f) Problem in writing (g) Problem in reading (h) Language disorder	52.	The Sargent Report was formed in the year (e) 1942 (f) 1943 (g) 1944 (h) 1945
16.	Learning disabilities may occur due to all of the following except (e) Cerebral dysfunction (f) Emotional disturbance (g) Behavioural disturbance (h) Cultural factors	53.	Deficiency in the ability to write, associated with impaired handwriting, is a symptom of (e) Dysgraphia (f) Dyspraxia (g) Dyscalculia (h) Dyslexia
17.	From the following which term defines the mathematics-related learning disability? (e) Dystopia (f) Dyslexia (g) Dyscalculia (h) None of the above	54.	The National Trust Act was implemented in the year (e) 1999 (f) 2000 (g) 2001 (h) 2002
18.	The full form of 'IED' is (e) Integrated Education for the Disabled (f) Implemented Education for the Disabled (g) Integrated Education for the Draft (h) Implemented Education for the Draft	55.	 Which type(s) of students is/are included in inclusive class? (e) Only specific students (f) General and specific students (g) Only general students (h) Multilinguistic and gifted students
19.	The full form of 'RCI' is (e) The rehabilitation Council of India (f) The rehabilitation Committee of India (g) The report council of India	56.	The full form of 'POA' is (e) Programme of Act (f) Project of Action (g) Programme of Action

	(h) The report committee of India		(h) Project of Act
20.	 'Centrally sponsored scheme of integrated education for disabled children' aims at providing educational opportunities to children with disabilities in (e) Special schools (f) Open schools (g) Regular schools (h) Blind relief association schools 	56.	Inclusive classrooms offer many benefits for children. In inclusive classroom children demonstrate which of the following? (e) Increased acceptance and appreciation of diversity (f) Better communication and social skills (g) Greater development in moral and ethical principles (h) All of the above
21.	Which year is considered as the International year of Disabled Person? (e) 1989 (f) 1986 (g) 1981 (h) 1990	58.	 Which type of learning tasks should not be given to educable mentally retarded children? (e) Simple tasks (f) Complex Tasks (g) Sequentially arranged and presented tasks (h) Tasks that provide scope for over learning
22.	 The term "Disabled Children" refers to: (e) All children with sensory, physical impairments (f) All children with emotional difficulties and intellectual impairments (g) Both (a) and (b) (h) Either (a) or (b) 	59.	Creativity is usually associated with (e) Imitation (f) Modeling (g) Convergent thinking (h) Divergent thinking
23.	Difficulty in recalling sequence of letters in words and frequent loss of visual memory is associated with (e) Dyslexia (f) Dyscalculia (g) Dysgraphia (h) Dyspraxia	60.	 Which one of the following is under the purview of the term disability under 'Persons With Disability Act-1996'? (e) Autism (f) TB cured (g) Mental Retardation (h) Speech Disorders
24.	 The word ' DPEP' stand for (e) District Primary Education Programme (f) Disabled Project Education Programme (g) District Project Education Programme (h) Disabled Primary Education Programme 	61.	The word 'CABE'stands for (e) Central Advisor Bureau of Education (f) Central Assignment Bureau of Education (g) Central Advisor Board of Education (h) Common Advisor Board of Education
25.	 Which one of the following principles facilitates inclusive education? (e) Special children if included in normal classroom further lag behind as performance of the other students will frustrate them. (f) Children with IQ 80 and above can learn and benefit from normal education. (g) The view of students should be given due importance. (h) An individual difference in students is a major problem for a general teacher. 	62.	 Which of the following is not a characteristic of inclusive education? (e) It is the shift in service from the care of disabled children to their education and personal development (f) Inclusive education is a continuous process, not an achieved state or product (g) It enhances learning only for students with special needs (h) It seeks to maximize the potential of all students

26.	 (e) Is a stable state (f) Is a variable state (g) Need not impair functioning (h) Does not improve with appropriate 	63.	Which of the following approaches suggests interaction of the child with the people around him and with social institutions to deal with disruptive behavior disorder? (e) psychodynamic (f) Biological (g) Behavioral (h) Ecological
27.	 Following are the examples of developmental disorder, except: (e) Attention deficit hyperactive disorder (f) Autism (g) Cerebral palsy (h) Post-traumatic stress 	64.	The Programme of action was introduced in the year (e) 1991 (f) 1992 (g) 1993 (h) 1994
28.	Gifted students are (e) introvert in nature (f) non-assertive of their needs (g) independent of teachers (h) independent in their judgment	65.	Stuttering problems in students can be dealt by applying which of the following methods? (e) Dictated speech (f) Prolonged speech (g) Pragmatic speech (h) Protracted speech
29.	 Which one of the following behaviors' is an identifier of a child with learning disability? (e) Abusive behavior (f) Writing 'b' as 'd', 'was' as 'saw', '2' as '12' (g) Low attention span and high physical activity (h) Frequent mood swings 	66.	 A students of V-grade with 'visual deficiency' should be (e) Helped with his/her routine-work by parents and friends (f) Treated normally in the classroom and provided support through audio CDs (g) Given special treatment in the classroom (h) Excused to do a lower level of work
30.	How teachers and studentsgender in the classroom, itthe learning environment. (e) Interpret; does not affect (f) Construct; impacts (g) Adapt; perturbs (h) Define; vitiates	67.	Learning disability in motor skills is called: (e) Dyscalculia (f) Dyslexia (g) Dyspraxia (h) Dysphasia
31.	Education of children with special needs should be provided (e) By methods developed for special children in special schools (f) In special schools (g) By special teachers in special schools (h) Along with other normal children	68.	 A child who can see partially (e) Should not be given education since it is not of any use to him (f) Needs to be put in a separate institution (g) Should be put in a 'regular' school while making special provisions (h) Should be put in a 'regular' school with no special provisions
32.	In which year, did the Indian Government Formulate the National Policy on Education for all government schools and articulate a need to integrate students with disabilities? (e) 1966	69.	A child cannot distinguish between 'saw' and 'was', 'nuclear' and 'unclear' he/she is suffering from. (e) Dysgraphia (f) Dysmorphia

	(f) 1967 (g) 1968 (h) 1969		(g) Dyslexia (h) Word jumbling disorder
33.	 'Dyslexia' is associated with (e) Mathematical disorder (f) Reading disorder (g) Behavioural disorder (h) Mental disorder 	70.	Which if the following is known as the Asian and Pacific Decade of Disabled Persons? (e) 1993-2002 (f) 1994-2003 (g) 19952004 (h) 1996-2005
34.	United Nation's world Conference on Special Education was held in the year (e) 1993 (f) 1994 (g) 1995 (h) 1996	71.	When was the policy "National Policy for Persons with Disabilities" released by ministry of Social Justice and Empowerment of India? (e) 10/02/2006 (f) 10/02/2005 (g) 01/02/2006 (h) 01/02/2005
35.	A disorder related to language comprehension is (e) Apraxia (f) Dyslexia (g) Dyscalculia (h) Aphasia	72.	Students of disadvantaged groups should be taught along with the normal students. It implies (e) Inclusive education (f) Special education (g) Integrated education (h) Exclusive education
36.	 To cater to the children from 'disadvantaged' background, a teacher should (e) Try to find out more about them and involve them in class discussion (f) Make them sit separately in the class (g) Ignore them as they cannot interact with other students (h) Give them a lot of written work 	73.	A child with normal intelligence shows difficulty is reading and comprehending language. It indicates that the child is showing symptoms of: (e) Dysgraphia (f) Dyscalculia (g) Dyspraxia (h) Dyalexia
37.	 Which of following is a specific learning disability? (e) Autism (f) Dyslexia (g) Hearing impairment (h) Mental retardation 	74.	Learning disability in motor skills is called (e) Dyspraxia (f) Dyscalculia (g) Dyslexia (h) Dysphasia

